



#### CONCURRENT OPTIMIZATION OF SIGNAL PROGRESSION AND CROSSOVER SPACING FOR DIVERGING DIAMOND INTERCHANGES

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STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION

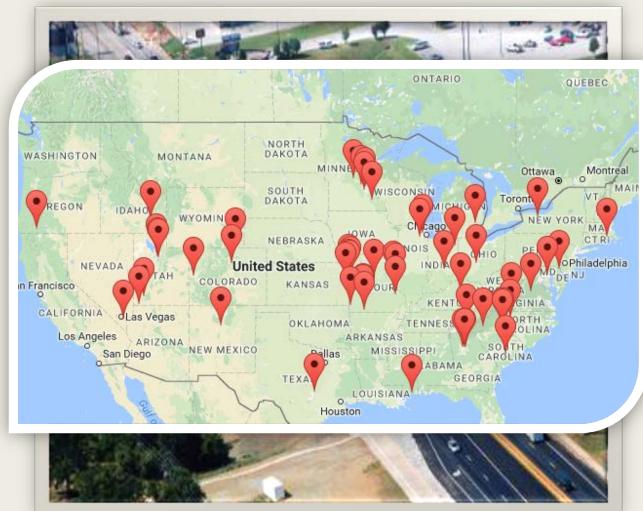


**MDOT State Highway Administration** 

University of Maryland, College Park

# **Evolution of DDI**

- Proposed around early 2000's
- First DDI opened in 2009
- Able to reduce conflict points for turning movements from and onto the freeway ramps by reversing the through movements at the crossovers
- Currently more than 80 locations around the country

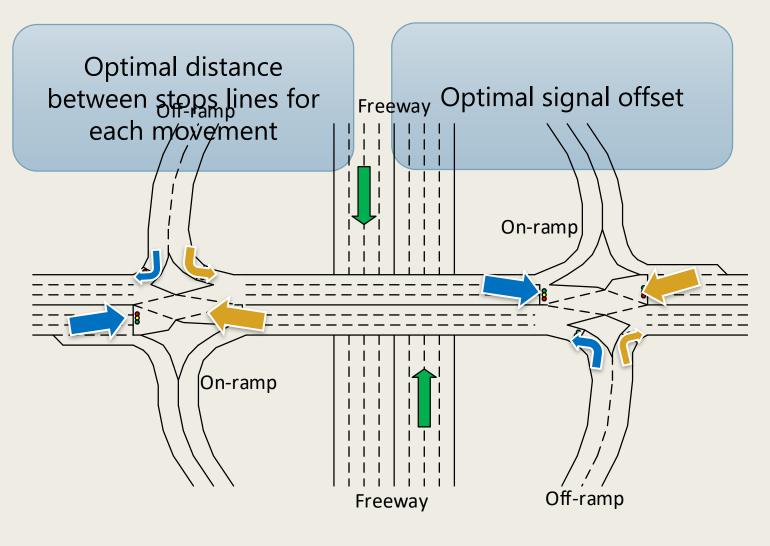


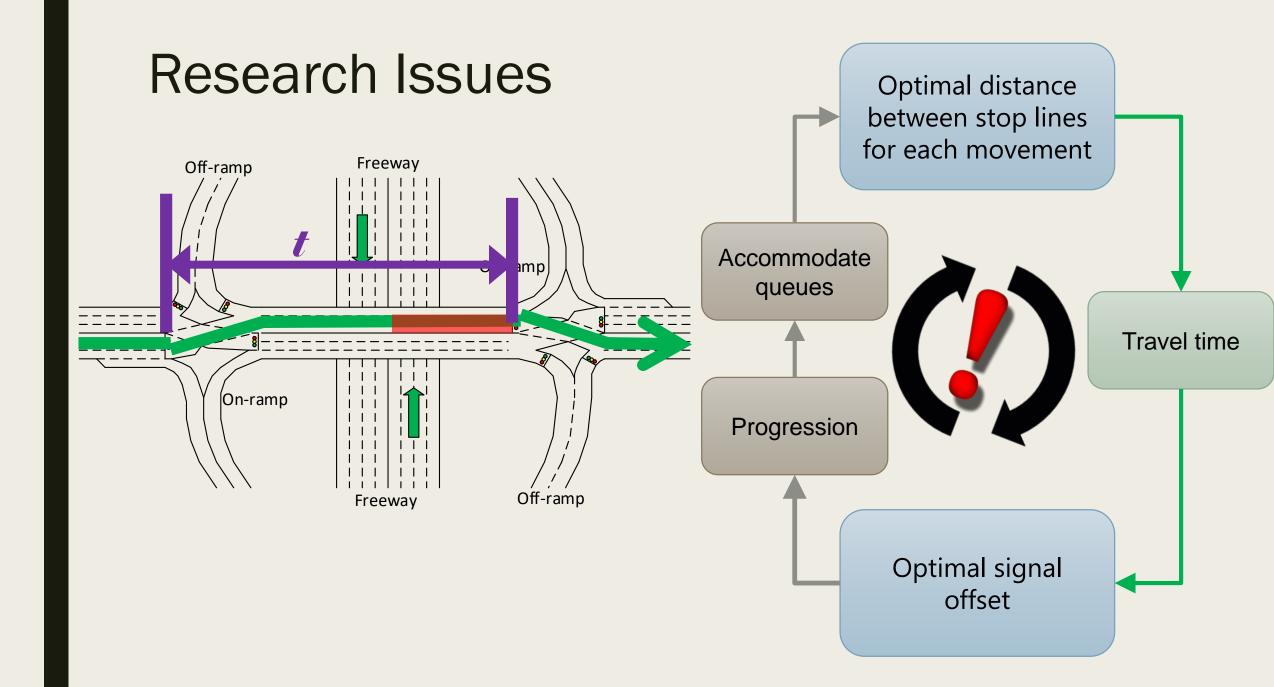
I-44 & Kansas Expressway in Springfield, MO Source: http://www.divergingdiamond.com/index.html

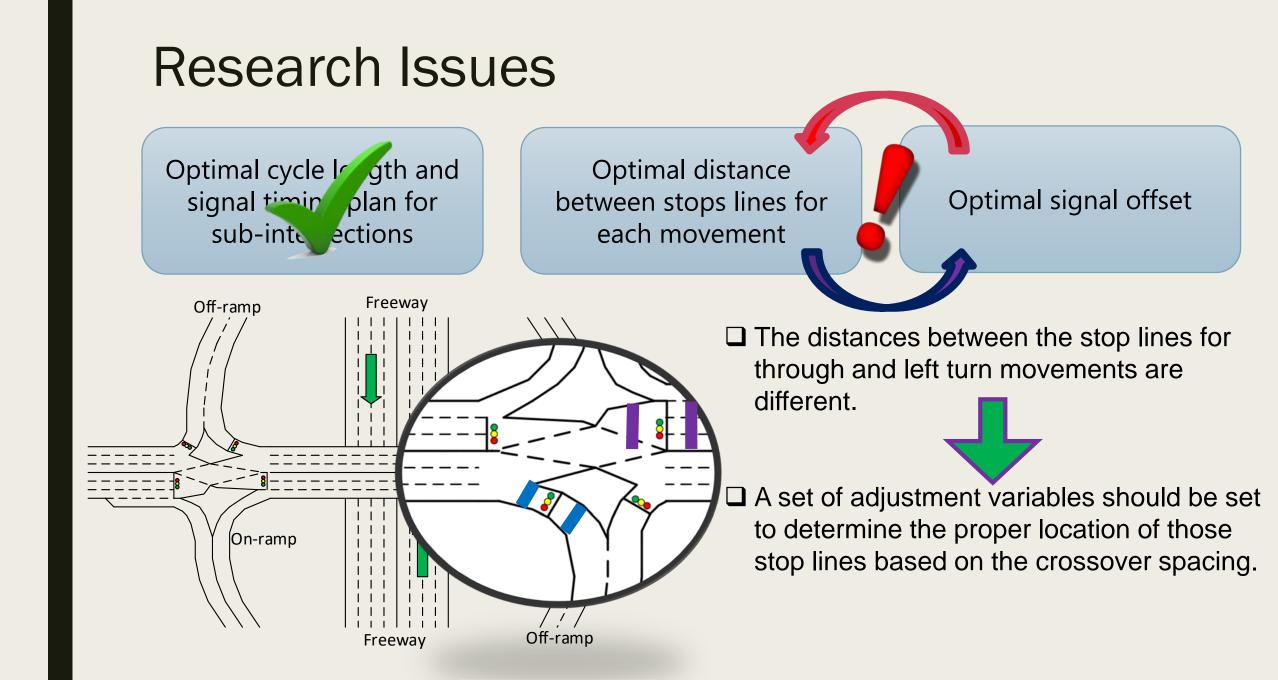
#### **Research Issues**

Optimal cycle longth and signal timin plan for sub-interections

- Two-phase signal
  - Eastbound through, southbound right, and northbound left
  - Westbound through, southbound left, and northbound right
- Cycle length and green splits can be determined with methods.







#### Offset optimization

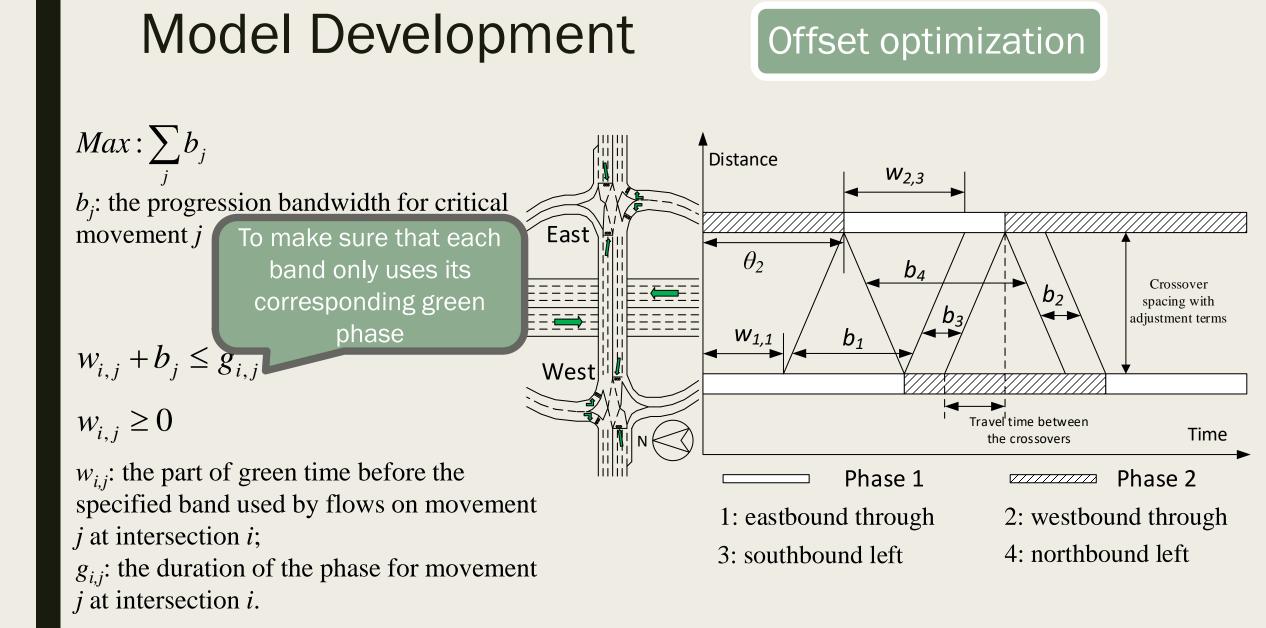
• Input: cycle length, green splits, cruising speed, crossover spacing

#### Crossover spacing optimization

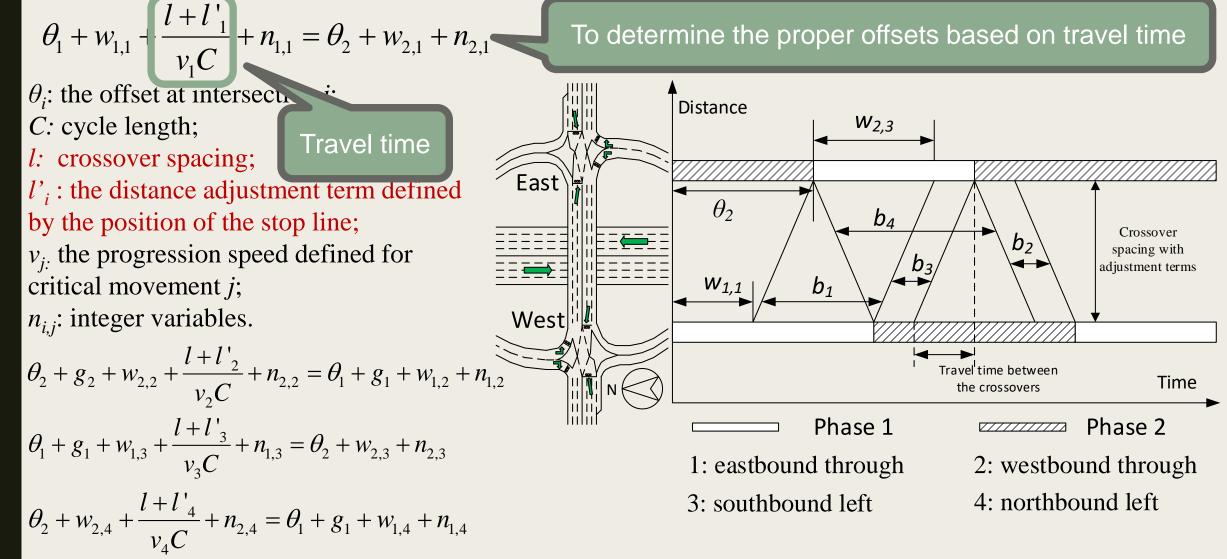
• Input: cycle length, green splits, traffic volume, saturation flow rate, offsets

#### Concurrent optimization of the offset and crossover spacing

 Input: cycle length, green splits, cruising speed, traffic volume, saturation flow rate

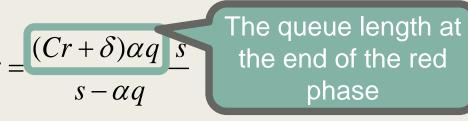


#### Offset optimization



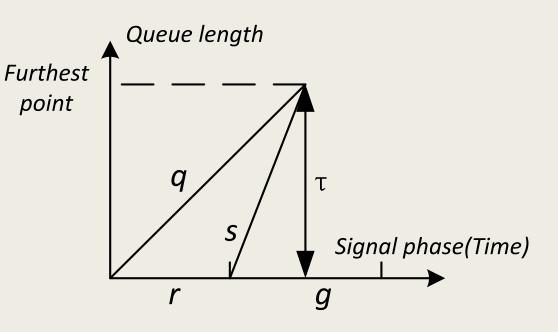
#### Crossover spacing optimization

#### Queue length calculation:



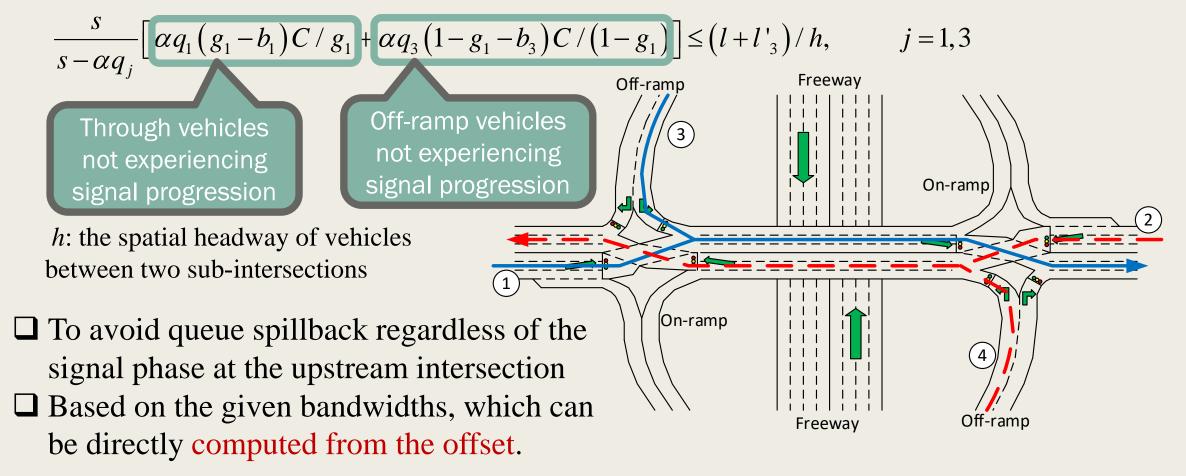
τ: the distance between the stop bar and the end of queue before it is fully discharged;r: the fraction of red phase;

- $\delta$ : the lost time in seconds;
- *q*: the volume;
- $\alpha$ : the corresponding lane use factor;
- s: the saturation flow rate.



#### Crossover spacing optimization

$$\frac{s}{s - \alpha q_j} \Big[ \alpha q_2 (1 - g_2 - b_2) C / g_2 + \alpha q_4 (g_2 - b_4) C / g_2 \Big] \leq (l + l'_4) / h, \qquad j = 2, 4$$



Concurrent optimization of offset and crossover spacing

□ Both offset and crossover spacing are decision variables.

To make sure that each band  $W_{i,j}$  only uses its green phase

 $Max: \sum_{i} b_{i} - \frac{l/vC}{M}$ 

□ The proposed model is able to avoid queue spillback and generate maximum progression bands.

$$\theta_{1} + w_{1,1} + \frac{l+l'_{1}}{v_{1}C} + n_{1,1} = \theta_{2} + w_{2,1} + n_{2,1} \qquad \theta_{2} + g_{2} + w_{2,2} + \frac{l+l'_{2}}{v_{2}C} + n_{2,2} = \theta_{1} + g_{1} + w_{1,2} + n_{1,2}$$
To determine the proper offsets based on travel time
$$\theta_{1} + g_{1} + w_{1,3} + \frac{l+l'_{3}}{v_{3}C} + n_{1,3} = \theta_{2} + w_{2,3} + n_{2,3} \qquad \theta_{2} + w_{2,4} + \frac{l+l'_{4}}{v_{4}C} + n_{2,4} = \theta_{1} + g_{1} + w_{1,4} + n_{1,4}$$

$$\frac{s}{s-\alpha} \left( \alpha q_{2} \left( 1 - g_{2} - b_{2} \right) C / g_{2} + \alpha q_{4} \left( g_{2} - b_{4} \right) C / g_{2} \right) \leq (l+l'_{4}) / h, \qquad j = 2,4$$

$$\frac{s}{s-\alpha} \left[ \alpha q_{1} \left( g_{1} - b_{1} \right) C / g_{1} + \alpha q_{3} \left( 1 - g_{1} - b_{3} \right) C / (l'-g_{1}) \right] \leq (l+l'_{3}) / h, \qquad j = 1,3$$

- A DDI at I-70 & Mid Rivers Mall Dr. in Saint Peters, MO
- Adopted PM peak demand data from a traffic survey in April 2016
- Cycle length and green splits are calculated based on volume.

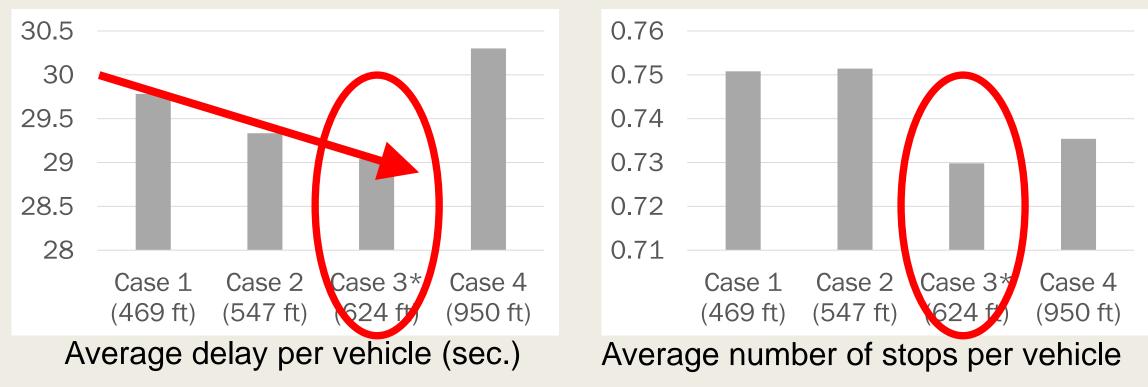
STATE OF							
Call and a second	Direction	Left (vph)	Through(vph)	Right(vph)			
C C	Southbound	120	345	490			
	Northbound	150	945	595	Mall		
A STATEMENT	Eastbound	85		635			
	Westbound	1185		150	U.		
	St. Peters Commuter Lot			First Capitol Oral & A Maxillo-Facial Surgery	damsıl		



- Optimization results and simulation design
  - 4 different lengths for the crossover spacing
  - 2 volume levels

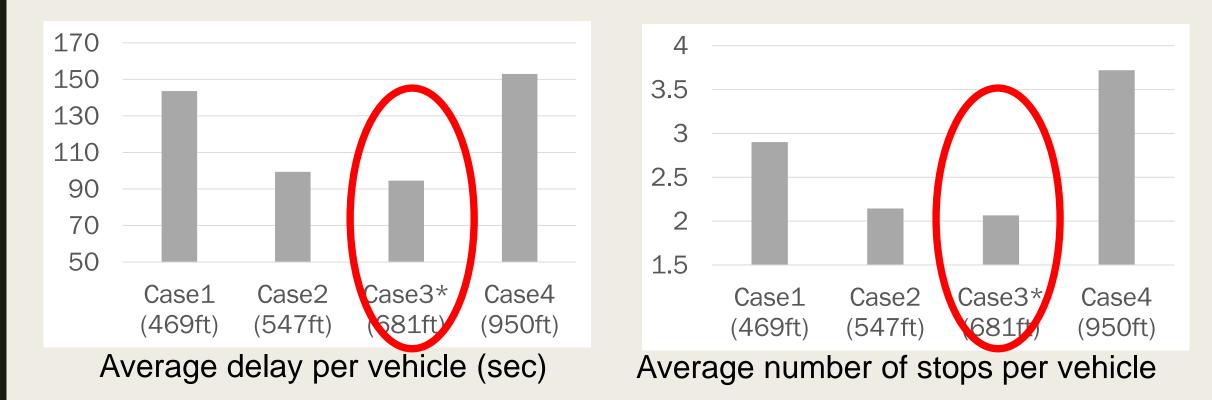
	Current volume		Projected volume(1.4 times)		
Cases	Crossover spacing (ft)	Offset (sec)	Crossover spacing(ft)	Offset (sec)	
1. Actual	469	24	469	24	
2. Shorter	547	43	547	43	
3. Optimized	624	42	681	44	
4. Long	950	49	950	49	

- Simulation results (current volume)
  - The optimized crossover spacing outperforms other three cases.
  - Increasing the crossover spacing towards the optimal one can result in less traffic delay.
  - A crossover spacing longer than the optimal one may not yield the benefits.

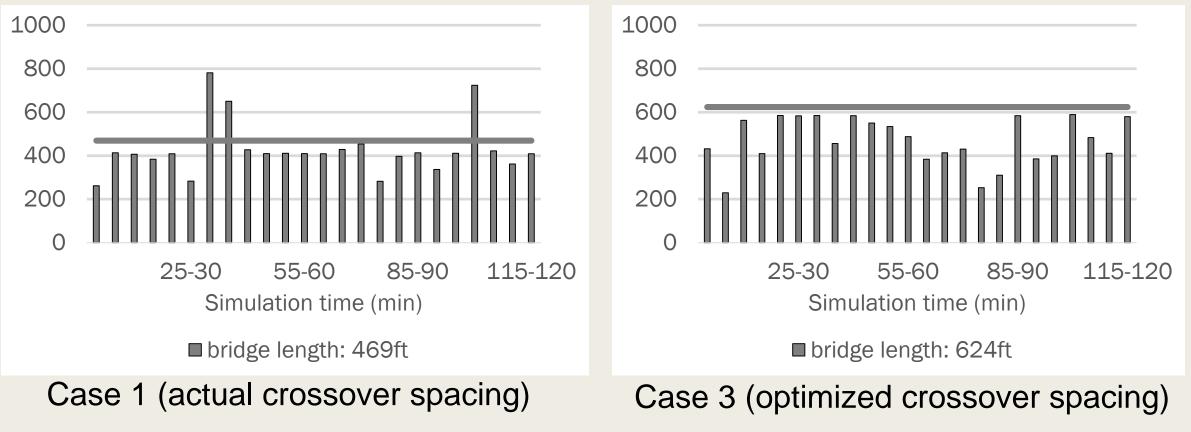


Simulation results (projected volume, 1.4 times of the current volume)

- The proposed model can still outperform other cases.
- The optimal design yields more benefits under the higher volume scenario.



- Time-dependent queue length at the South intersection (current volume)
  - The concurrently optimized crossover spacing and offset are able to alleviate queue spillback due to volume fluctuation.



#### **Conclusions and Future Study**

- An optimization model to fully account for the interdependent relation between the crossover spacing and the signal offset in a DDI
- Simulations to evaluate the performance of the proposed model
  - the DDI with the concurrently optimized crossover spacing and offset can yield the shortest delays and fewest number of stops
  - the DDI with the optimized design features can effectively cope with potential queue spillback at the crossovers
- Future study
  - a method to determine whether or not to set signals for all off-ramp flows at those DDI sub-intersections
  - a method to estimate the impacts to the adjacent intersections and close exits on the freeway

# Q & A

- Acknowledgement
  - The authors are grateful for the kindly help from MO DOT for providing traffic volume data for the test site.
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